



ISTC Project #3266 Kick-off

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ISTC#3266: Formal information

Title: *Experimental and theoretical study of the residual nuclide production in 40-2600 MeV proton-irradiated thin targets of ADS structure materials*

Dates: Approved for funding in October 2005. Expected duration 2nd quarter 2006 – 3rd(or 4th) quarter 2008

Financing party: *EU*

Budget: \$ 430 000

Collaborators

- SCK-CEN (**Hamid Ait Abderrahim, Edouard Malambu, Thierry Aoust**)
- Royal Institute of Technology (**Waclaw Gudowsky**)
- Universitat Hannover / Zentrum fur Strahlenschutz und Radioekologie (ZSR) (**Rolf Michel**)
- CEA / DSM / DAPNIA/CEN Saclay / Service de Physique Nucleaire (**Sylvie Leray**)
- Forschungszentrum Karlsruhe Technik und Umwelt / Institut fuer Reaktorsicherheit (**Cornelis H.M. Broeders**)
- Los Alamos National Laboratory / Nuclear Physics Group (T-16) (**Eric Pitcher, Stepan Mashnik**)
- Oak Ridge National Laboratory (**Phillip D. Ferguson**)
- JAERI / Nuclear Data Center (**Tokio Fukahori**)
- Georgia Institute of Technology / The Nuclear & Radiological Engineering & Health Physics Program of the George W. Woodruff School of Mechanical Engineering (**Nolan E. Hertel**)
- + OECF/NEA (**Enrico Sartori**)

Prolog: the project is an extension of the researches carried out under:

- ISTC Project#17 (1994-1996, USA) *Feasibility study of the basic technologies for weapon plutonium conversion and for long-lived radioactive waste transmutation*
- ISTC #839 (1997-1998; 1999-2000, Japan, EU, Norway) *Experimental and Theoretical Study of the Residual Product Nuclide Yields in Thin Targets Irradiated with 100-2600 MeV Protons*
- ISTC # 2002 (2002-2004, EU): *Experimental and theoretical studies of the yields of residual product nuclei produced in thin Pb and Bi targets irradiated by 40-2600 MeV protons*

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List of irradiation runs for beta-active nuclide production measurements.

Targets	Proton energies (MeV)										
	40	70	100	150	250	400	600	800	1200	1600	2600
$^{56}\text{Fe}^+$	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	o
$^{\text{nat}}\text{Cr}$	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
$^{\text{nat}}\text{Ni}$	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
^{93}Nb	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	o
^{181}Ta	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
$^{\text{nat}}\text{W}$	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	o

The Workplan is to be discussed by CEG 31 January 2006

List of irradiation runs for alpha-active nuclide (^{148}Gd) production measurements.

Targets	Proton energies (MeV)			
	600	800	1600	2600
^{181}Ta	x	x	x	x
$^{\text{nat}}\text{W}$	x	x	x	x

o – the irradiations were made under the ISTC Project#839.

+ Additionally, ^{56}Fe will be irradiated by 300, 500, 750, 1000 and 1500 MeV proton to be compared with recent GSI measurements!

Isotopic composition of the targets

Isotope	Number of samples	Isotopic composition, %
^{56}Fe	15	^{54}Fe -0.3, ^{56}Fe -99.5±0.1, ^{57}Fe -0.2, ^{58}Fe -<0.05.
$^{\text{nat}}\text{Cr}$	11	^{50}Cr -4.345, ^{52}Cr -83.789, ^{53}Cr -9.501, ^{54}Cr -2.365.
$^{\text{nat}}\text{Ni}$	11	^{58}Ni -68.077, ^{60}Ni -26.223, ^{61}Ni -1.140, ^{62}Ni -3.634, ^{64}Ni -0.926
^{93}Nb	10	^{93}Nb > 99.9
^{181}Ta	15	^{180}Ta -0.012, ^{181}Ta -99.988.
$^{\text{nat}}\text{W}$	14	^{180}W -0.12, ^{182}W -26.50, ^{183}W -14.31, ^{184}W -30.64, ^{186}W – 28.43.

Accelerator time requirements:

68 short (~0.7h) irradiations
8 long (~20h) irradiations
~130h accelerator time

For comparison:
 ISTC#2002 took **37h** acc.time
 (disregarding time for accelerator preparation and beam adjustment)

ISTC#3266 scope of activities

Scope of activities: the similar as in ISTC#2002 + alpha measurements !
(irradiation, alpha-spectra measurements, spectral analysis, ^{148}Gd CRS determination)

1. *Manufacture of samples (1-4 quarters) - 76 samples (68 – for beta, 8 – for alpha measurements)*
2. *Adjusting of the additional detector for gamma-measurement (1-2 quarters)*
3. *Calibration of spectrometers; stability tests (1-10 quarters)*
4. *Irradiation of experimental samples (1-8 quarters)*
5. *Gamma-spectrometry of the samples (1-9 quarters) (68 samples)*
6. *Processing of gamma-spectra (1-9 quarters)*
7. *Identification of gamma-lines and determination of radioactive residual nuclide yields (1-10 quarters)*
8. *Pre-starting procedure to operate the alpha detector (1-4 quarters)*
9. *Alpha-spectrometry of the W and Ta samples (5-8 quarters) (8 samples)*
10. *Processing of the alpha-spectra, determination of the ^{148}Gd yield (9-10 quarters)*
11. *Theoretical simulations by different codes (1-9 quarters): LAHET (we failed to get MCNPX from RSICC), CEM03 (LANL), LAQGSM(LANL), INCL4 (from CEA-Saclay), INCL5 (SCK), CASCADE-2004 (? : Jaipur Univer.), CASCADO, LAHETO.*
12. *Updating the models and codes on the basis of the new experimental data obtained under the Project (3-10 quarters)*
13. *Sending the experimental results to the Worldwide Network of Nuclear Data Centers via Center for Nuclear Structure and Reaction Data (Russia) (8-10 quarters)*
14. *Preparation of technical reports (5, 6, 9, 10 quarters)*

Hoping for successful further collaboration!



Thank you